

CH3 - Math 9 notes

3.1 Rational numbers

* any number that can be written in the form of $\frac{m}{n}$ where m & n are integers and $n \neq 0$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{3} = 0.\overline{3} \leftarrow \text{repeating decimal}$$

$$0.367 = \frac{367}{1000} \text{ or } \frac{3}{4} = 0.75 \leftarrow \text{terminating decimal}$$

$$\frac{2}{1} = 2 \leftarrow \text{no decimal}$$

Fractions you should memorize:

$$\frac{1}{3} = 0.\overline{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = 0.\overline{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = 0.25$$

* note the pattern below

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{1}{9} = 0.\overline{1}$$

$$\frac{3}{9} = 0.\overline{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = 0.75$$

$$\frac{2}{9} = 0.\overline{2}$$

$$\frac{4}{9} = 0.\overline{4}$$

- * Changing Fractions into decimals
 - * divide the top by the bottom

$$\text{ex } \frac{2}{5} = 2 \div 5 = 0.4$$

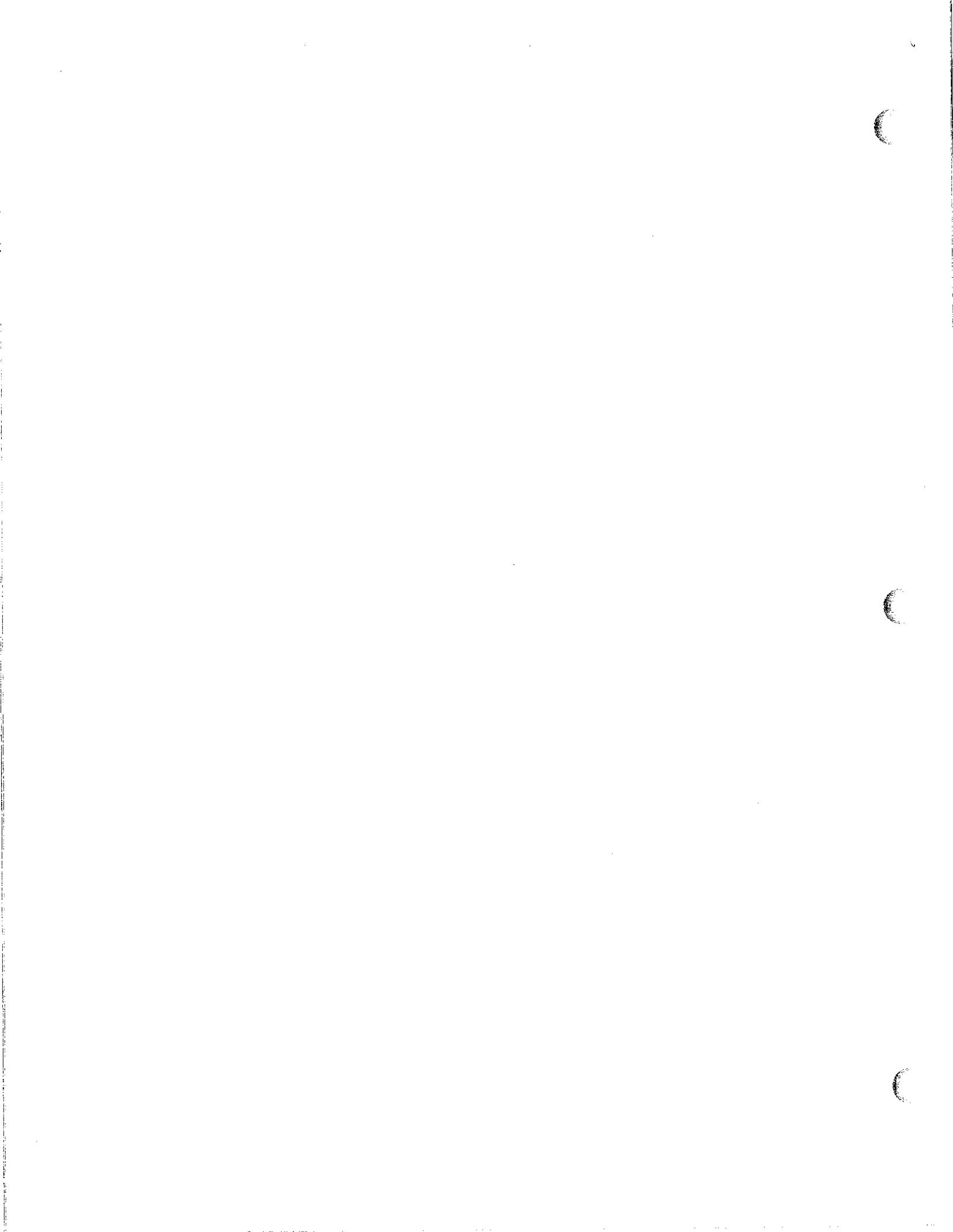
- * Changing decimals to fractions:
 - * remember place value

$$0.\overset{\downarrow}{2} = \frac{2}{10}$$

10ths place

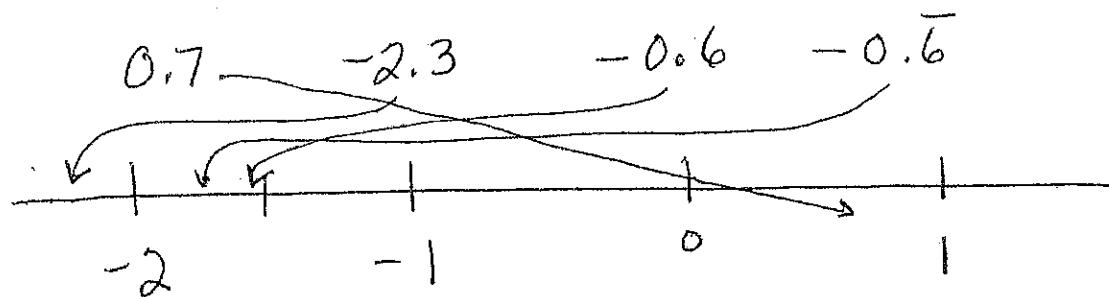
$$0.3\overset{\downarrow}{4}8 = \frac{348}{1000}$$

thousandths place

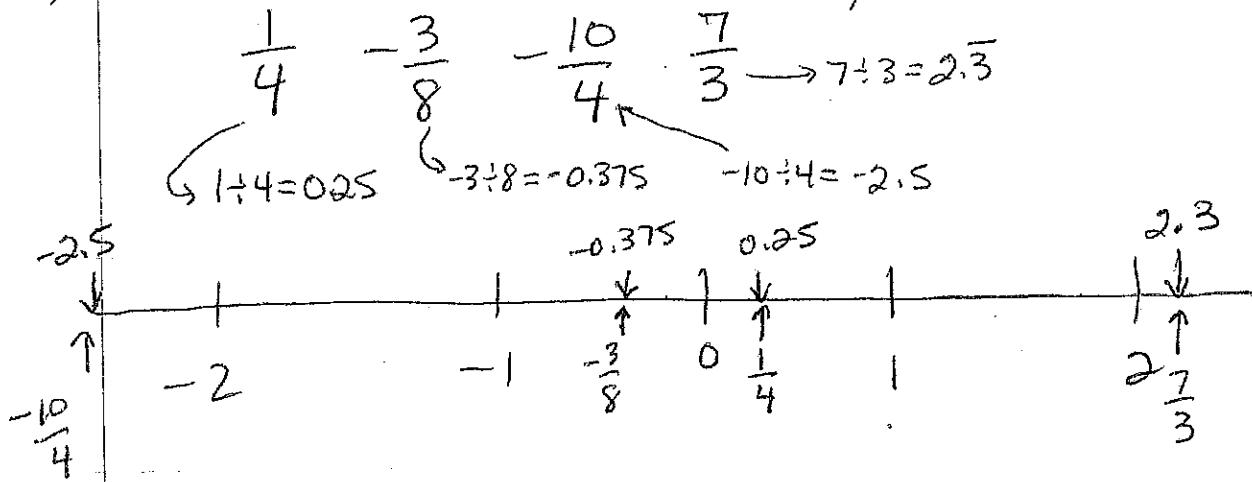


* To put decimals or fractions in order
use a number line

ex



* To order fractions - change into decimal form



3.2 Adding Rational Numbers

* find a common denominator

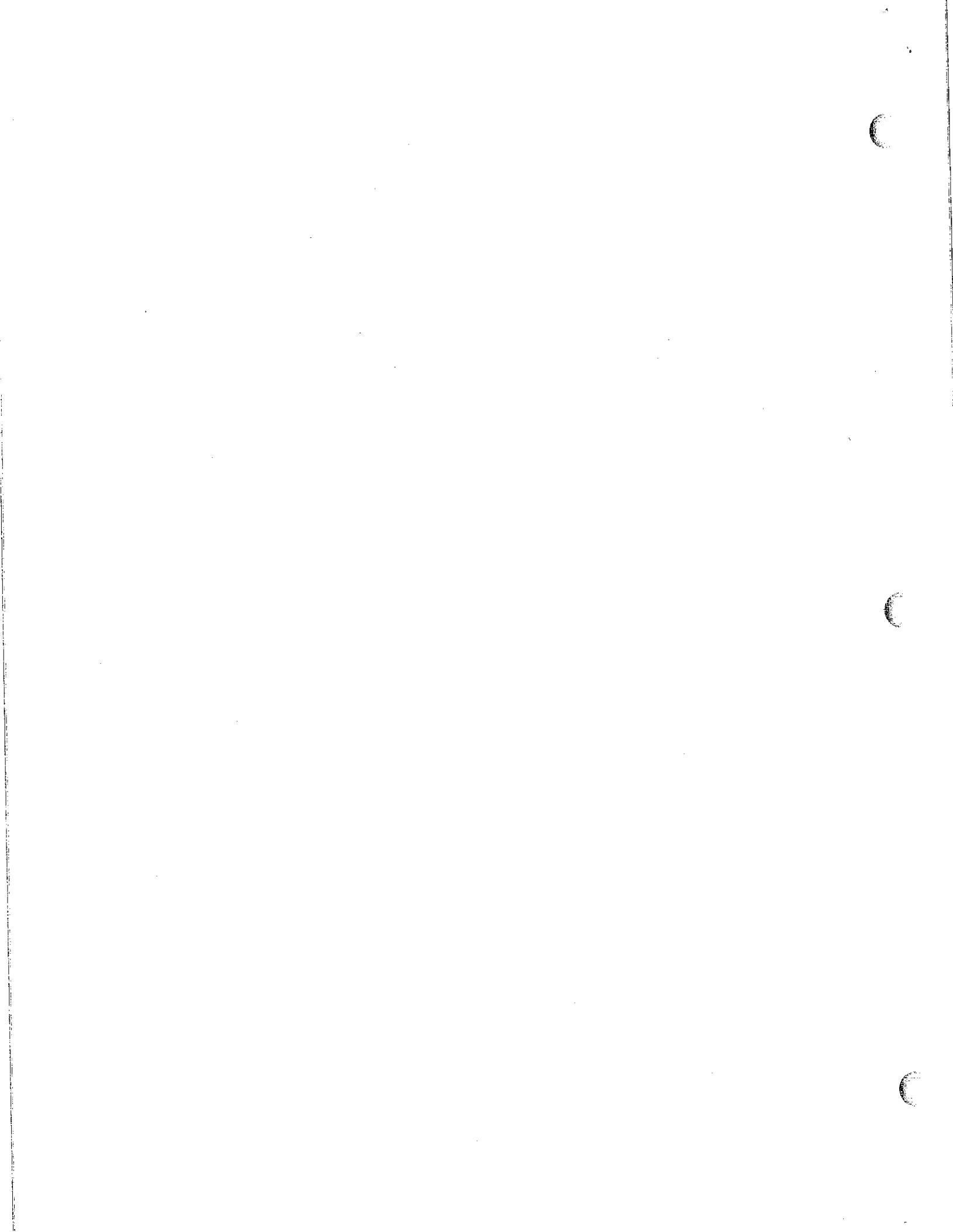
2 positive
numbers

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{5 \times 2}{15} + \frac{1 \times 3}{15} = \frac{10}{15} + \frac{3}{15} = \frac{13}{15}$$

1 positive
+ 1 negative

$$\frac{2}{3} + \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{10}{15} + \left(-\frac{3}{15}\right) = \frac{10 - 3}{15} = \frac{7}{15}$$

$$\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{-10}{15} + \frac{3}{15} = \frac{-10 + 3}{15} = \frac{-7}{15}$$



Adding mixed numbers

* find common denominator

2 positives

$$3\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{5}{6}$$

both go into 6
* only have to
change 3

$$3\frac{2 \times 1}{2 \times 3} + 2\frac{5}{6} = 3\frac{2}{6} + 2\frac{5}{6}$$

add add

$$= 5\frac{7}{6} \text{ or } \frac{6}{6} = 5\frac{1}{6}$$

1 positive
and 1 negative

- find common denominator
& change to improper fractions

$$= 6\frac{1}{6}$$

$$-3\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{5}{6} = -3\frac{2}{6} + 2\frac{5}{6} \rightarrow \frac{2 \times 6 + 5}{6} = \frac{17}{6}$$

$$-3\frac{2}{6} = \frac{3 \times 6 + 2}{6} = \frac{-20}{6}$$

$$= \frac{-20 + 17}{6} = \frac{-3}{6} \text{ or } -\frac{1}{2}$$

3.3 Subtracting

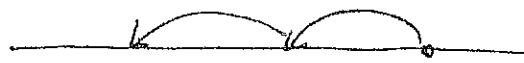
* remember $-(-2) = +2$

Using a number line

add positive



add negative



* Same as subtracting positive.

C

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3.4] Multiplying rational numbers

Mult
+
divide
rules
 $\frac{-}{+}$

Integer Rules

$$- \times - = +$$

$$- \times + = -$$

$$+ \times - = -$$

$$+ \times + = +$$

$$\text{ex. } -9 \times 2 = -18$$

$$-9 \times -2 = +18$$

$$9 \times -2 = -18$$

$$9 \times 2 = 18$$

To multiply fractions (same above rules apply)

* change all mixed numbers into improper fractions $\rightarrow 2\frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$

* multiply straight across
(* dont forget to cross reduce if you can!)

ex $2\frac{1}{3} \times 1\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{3} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{7}{2} \text{ or } 3\frac{1}{2}$

3.5] Dividing fractions

* follow rules from multiplying
then flip the 2nd number

$$2\frac{1}{3} \div 1\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{3} \div \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = \frac{7}{3} \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{14}{9} \text{ or } 1\frac{5}{9}$$

3.6] * Dont forget BEDMAS!!

