

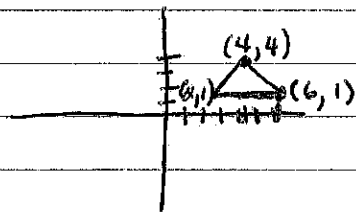
# 10.1 Math 10 AW - notes

Translations - moving left or right  
 $P(x, y)$  and up or down.

move left  $\rightarrow$  subtract from x value  
 move right  $\rightarrow$  add to x value.

move down  $\rightarrow$  subtract from y value  
 move up  $\rightarrow$  add to y value

ex



Points  $\rightarrow (2, 1); (6, 1); (4, 4)$

Translate - up 2 and left 3

$$\text{Point 1} \rightarrow (2, 1) \Rightarrow (2 - 3, 1 + 2)$$

$$\boxed{\text{new point}} = (-1, 3)$$

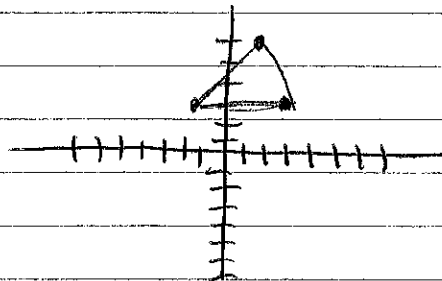
$$\text{Point 2} \rightarrow (6, 1) \Rightarrow (6 - 3, 1 + 2)$$

$$\boxed{\text{new point}} = (3, 3)$$

$$\text{Point 3} \rightarrow (4, 4) \Rightarrow (4 - 3, 4 + 2)$$

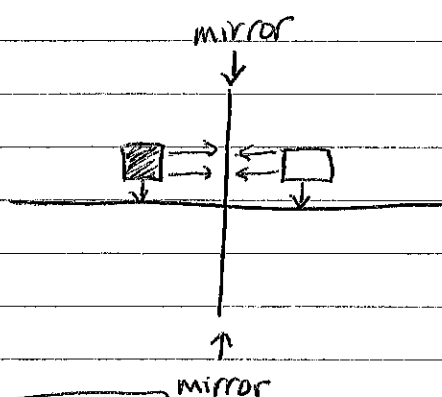
$$\boxed{\text{new point}} = (1, 6)$$

now draw:



## 10.2 Math 10AW - notes

Reflections - like a mirror is placed between original & new



\* same distance from mirror & other lines.

\* Tip if you fold your paper on the line of reflection - you will see where the new drawing should be!

## 10.3 Rotations - turning an object around a point.

CW = clock wise ↻

CCW = counter clock wise ↺

\* Use a clear plastic sheet to practice rotating & find the patterns.

## 10.4 Math 10AW - notes

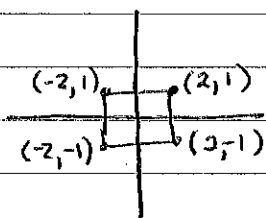
Dilations - a fixed point from where a shape is enlarged or reduced.

From origin (0,0)

To find the new points - use the vertices (corners)

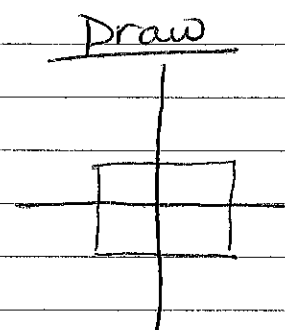
- ① list the vertices.
- ② enlarge or reduce both x & y point by multiplying by given scale.
- ③ plot new points.

ex



dilate  
x 2

$$\begin{aligned}(2, 1) &= (4, 2) \\ (2, -1) &= (4, -2) \\ (-2, 1) &= (-4, 2) \\ (-2, -1) &= (-4, -2)\end{aligned}$$



Note \* if not around origin you have to figure out how far from given point - then multiply

## 10.5 Combining Transformation

\* just do one step at a time

- ① do transformation
- ② draw
- ③ do next transformation
- ④ draw
- ⋮